

**Ba/His-401**

**2022**

( 4th Semester )

**HISTORY**

Paper : His-401

**( Indian Nationalism )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 10 )

**A. Answer/Write short notes on the following :      2×5=10**

1. Indigo Revolt

*Or*

Why was the Revolt of 1857 unsuccessful?

( 3 )

2. Aims of the Moderates

Or

Methods of the Extremists

( 4 )

3. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

Or

Annie Besant

4. Champaran Satyagraha

Or

Indian National Army

( 6 )

5. Mountbatten Plan

Or

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

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( 7 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

**B.** Choose the correct answer by putting a tick (✓) from the options provided : 1×10=10

1. The uprising of the Moplahs of Malabar was directed against the

(a) moneylenders ( )

(b) Hindu landlords ( )

(c) Christian Missionaries ( )

2. The first Muslim President of the Indian National Congress was

(a) Syed Ahmed Khan ( )

(b) Aga Khan ( )

(c) Badruddin Tyabji ( )

3. The Government of India Act, 1935 introduced

(a) provincial autonomy ( )

(b) self-government ( )

(c) dyarchy in the provinces ( )

4. Hunter Committee was appointed to look into the

(a) Chauri Chaura incident ( )

(b) Jallianwala Bagh Massacre ( )

(c) Great Calcutta Killing ( )

5. In which session of the Congress was the Purna Swaraj resolution passed?

(a) Lahore, 1929 ( )

(b) Bombay, 1942 ( )

(c) Nagpur, 1920 ( )

6. The Simon Commission was appointed by the British Government in

(a) 1927 ( )

(b) 1928 ( )

(c) 1929 ( )

( 10 )

7. Who was popularly known as 'Frontier Gandhi'?

(a) Lala Lajpat Rai ( )

(b) Khan Bahadur ( )

(c) Abdul Ghaffar Khan ( )

8. The 'Do or Die' speech of Gandhi is associated with

(a) Non-cooperation Movement ( )

(b) Quit India Movement ( )

(c) Civil Disobedience Movement ( )

9. The Chittagong Armoury Raid was organized under

(a) Jatin Das ( )

(b) Surya Sen ( )

(c) Bhagat Singh ( )

10. The last Viceroy of British India was

(a) Rajagopalachari ( )

(b) Lord Mountbatten ( )

(c) Clement Attlee ( )

SECTION—III

( Marks : 5 )

C. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The Moderates were also known as Early Nationalists.

( T / F )

2. Lord Canning was the Governor General of India during the Revolt of 1857.

( T / F )

3. Dadabhai Naoroji was an Extremist.

( T / F )

4. The Montague Declaration promised self-government to India.

( T / F )

5. The Indian Independence Act was ratified by the British Parliament on 14th August, 1947.

( T / F )

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**Ba/His-401**

**2022**  
( 4th Semester )

**HISTORY**

Paper : His-401  
( **Indian Nationalism** )

Full Marks : 70      Pass Marks : 45%  
Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )  
( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Write an essay on the Santhal uprising  
of 1855-56. 9

Or

Examine the results of the Revolt of 1857.  
Can the Revolt of 1857 be called the First  
War of Indian Independence? 6+3=9

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( Turn Over )

2. Describe the factors that contributed to the growth of Indian Nationalism. 9

Or

Give an account of the anti-partition agitation and Swadeshi Movement. 9

3. Describe the main features of the Indian Councils Act of 1919. 9

Or

What were the important provisions of the Government of India Act of 1935? 9

4. Discuss in detail the Non-cooperation Movement (1920-1922). 9

Or

Give an account of the Civil Disobedience Movement and its importance in the history of India's freedom struggle. 9

5. Discuss the factors that led to the final partition of India. 9

Or

Describe the history of framing of the Constitution of India. 9

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